

I should already know:

That things change in living memory (family history).

There are significant events beyond living memory (Great Fire of London, Bonfire Night).

That holidays were different in the past.

That there are many great explorers (Captain Cook, Roald Amundsen, Captain Robert Falcon Scott and Sunita Williams).

By the end of this unit I will know:

How life changes from the start of the Stone Age to the end.

The reasons why life changed throughout the Stone Age.

How to use artefacts as a source to find out more about the past.

That Stonehenge was built in the Stone Age and to make guesses as to its use.

To understand the significance of Skara Brae and its discovery.

Key Vocabulary**Agriculture**

Farming, growing food and keeping animals

Archaeology

Study of history and prehistory through artefacts

Settlement

Stationary place that people built to live in.

Domesticated

Not wild, tame

Artefacts

Historical objects that tell us about the past.

Facts

Stonehenge dates back to about 3100BC.

The settlement of Skara Brae was abandoned around 2500BC.

Skara Brae was an early community of farmers and people started living together.

The Stone Age was very long – it is broken into three periods

