## The Ancient Egyptians: How much the did Ancient Egyptian achieve? | Year 4

## Autumn 1

By the end of this unit I will know:				
	I should already know:			Vocabulary
About the achievements of the Ancient Egyptian.	The Stone Age was when early humans		canopic jars	Special jars that held the organs of a
Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understand of Ancient Egyptian history.	used tools from stone. This lasted until the Bronze Age.		cunopic jurs	mummy including the lungs, intestines, liver and stomach.
Note connections, contrasts and trends over time.	Historical concepts		irrigation	The agricultural process of applying controlled amounts of water to land
Develop the use of historical terms.	Time change and chronology	To create a sense of period and time, the sequence of when		to assist in the production of crops.
Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed			fertile	Land or soil capable of producing abundant vegetation or crops.
from a range of sources. Address and devise historically valid questions about similarity, difference and significance.		things happened, what changed and what continued.	cartouche	A carved tablet or drawing representing a scroll with rolled-up ends, used ornamentally or bearing an inscription.
Alexandria Alexandria Letopolis Giza Saqqara Area near the River Nile that flooded was known as the rece Black Land. Areas further away were known as the Red Land. They relied on the Nile's flood to grow crops and farm. Western Desert	Timeline		mummification	The process of preserving a body
	2700Bc- 2150BC	Old kingdom	mannineation	after death in preparation for the afterlife.
	2040BC- 1786BC	Middle Kingdom	hierarchy	A system in which members of an organization or society are ranked according to relative status or authority.
	1570 BC- 1075BC	New Kingdom	hieroglyphics	A type of writing that used a combination of pictures and symbols.
			sarcophagus	A large stone box that held a mummy's coffin.
			excavation	The action of excavating something, especially an archaeological site.
Thinis Dendera Abydos Thebes (Luxor & Karnak)			Significant people	
The Valley of the Kings	HIEROSOVATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		Howard Cater (1874-1939)	Found Tutankhamun's tomb (1922) in the Valley of the Kings.
(where most Pharaohs were buried) was near Luxor, close to Thebes. First Cataract NUBIA			Jean Francois Champollion (1779-1832)	Deciphered Egyptian hieroglyphic helping with translation of the Rosetta stone.